## CULTURAL INFLUENCE ON TEACHING FOREIGN LANGUAGE

Istamova Shokhista Rustamovna Teacher of SamSIFL

Annotation: Cultural Influence on Foreign Language Teaching to understand the importance of culture we need to know to what extent cultural background knowledge influences language learning and teaching, and how can we take advantage of that influence. To account for the roles culture plays in language learning and teaching, it is necessary to demonstrate the functions it may perform in the components of language learning and teaching, such as listening, speaking, reading, and translating. Cultural influence on vocabulary Language is the carrier of culture and vocabulary is the basic ingredient of language.

**Key words:** Culture, cultural influence, cultural factors, experience, context, speaking, listening, reading, writing, weak grammar, background knowledge, listening ability, pronunciation.

The cultural difference will inevitably exhibited on the vocabulary, and the explanation of vocabulary will also reflect the national or cultural difference. Take colour as an example. In Chinese, white, denoting a colour, often associates with "pure, noble and moral goodness", and the bride is dressed in white during the wedding in most western countries. In China the bride must wear red in the traditional wedding, definitely not white. Because Red means "happiness, good luck, flourishing and prosperous" in the future and people only wear white in funerals when one's family member or relative is dead. White in China, is associated with "pale, weak and without vitality". Thus, learning a language implies not only the knowledge of its grammar rules and the denotative meanings of words but it involves much more, such as the culture phenomena, the way of life, habits and customs, history and everything that is contained of culture. In a word, culture is a comprehensive composite with abundant implication, and each factor in it may be exhibited on words. Learning vocabulary, while paying attention to cultural factors, is vital and crucial.

Cultural influence on listening In foreign language learning particularly in training their listening ability to understand better, learners often complain that although they spend lots of time in learning and practicing their ability of listening comprehension, their progress is not satisfactory. To achieve this end, they do everything what they can. Some, for example, buy tape recorders to facilitate their learning process in an attempt to improve their listening ability, and spend several hours in it every day. But when they meet new listening materials, they still can't understand them. The reason for this may be various, but some of them have been identified. Among them are their small vocabulary, weak grammar, and vague pronunciation. But a relatively more important reason is that they lack the necessary cultural background knowledge of the language they have learned. Listening is closely related to the culture, politics and economy of the target language. In judging one's listening ability, we are in fact considering his comprehensive ability, including the English level, intellectual range, analytical and imaginative ability, etc. We may have this kind of experience: when we are listening to something where the events involved are familiar to us, no matter what they are, e.g., news, reports, stories, lectures; or art, science, sports or economy, it is relatively easier for us to understand. Even if there are some new words in it, we can guess the meaning in the light of the context. On the contrary, it will be difficult for us to understand, if the materials we are listening to are closely related to the cultural background knowledge we are not familiar with. Sometimes the materials may be easy and we can get the pronunciation of each word from the tape, but the lack of necessary cultural background knowledge may hinder our thorough understanding. If, for example, a student comes across a sentence like: Edward Kennedy went downhill since Chappaguiddick. He won't find it difficult to understand the structure of the sentence. But if he doesn't know that "Chappaquiddick" is the name of a place in America, and is used in this sentence to refer to the

## ILMIY VA PROFESSIONAL TA'LIM JARAYONIDA MULOQOT, FAN VA MADANIYATLAR INTEGRATSIYASI

traffic accident E. Kennedy suffered, they cannot understand the real meaning. From the above explanation we can see how important the role that culture plays in our listening ability: Culture is one of its unalienable attachments. It can hinder our progress of listening, and it can also help it. So we should notice the existence of culture and try to take advantage of it.

## Conclusion

Cultural influence on speaking Just like listening, the ability of speaking is not a matter only concerned with pronunciation or intonation. People need to read a lot to understand the cultural background knowledge of the target language; only in this way they can communicate successfully with the others. So in the training of oral English, teachers should emphasize the practical use of the language, and try to use the materials which come from the daily life. This can help people use proper sentences in proper context. Otherwise, even if one may have been well trained in the linguistic aspect of the language, he may make mistakes or have misunderstanding for the sake of lacking related cultural background knowledge. For this, the experience of a young interpreter is a case in point: There is a young interpreter whose pronunciation is standardized and natural.

## The list of used literature

- 1. Istamova Shohista AIM OF LINGUISTIC TYPOLOGY AND DIFFERENT APPROACHES TO THE SUBJECT // MODELS AND METHODS IN MODERN SCIENCE International scientific-online conference 2023 73-76p.
- 2. IstamovaShohista RECENT TRENDS AND ISSUES IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING"Экономикаисоциум" №4(107) 2023. ISSN 2225-1545
- 3. IstamovaShohistaTHEORETICAL BACKGROUND AND CURRENT ISSUES IN ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNING American Journal of Research in Humanities and Social Sciences//2023-146-149p. ISSN (E): 2832-8019
- 4. Celce-Murcia, Marianne. (Ed.). Teaching English as a Second and Foreign Language. 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. Boston (USA): Heinle&Heinle Publishers, 2001. –584 p.
- 5. Sharipova, S., &Xalimova, F. (2024). Actual problems of teaching a language in the classroom and their solutions. Conference Proceedings: Fostering Your Research Spirit, 133-135. https://doi.org/10.2024/41yemx68
- 6. Beknazarova I. Yo., Jurayeva D. U. The role of competency elements in teaching english sounds and their pronunciation. International journal of literature and languages,3(02),(2023).4-6. <a href="https://doi.org/10.37547/ijll/Volume03Issue02-02">https://doi.org/10.37547/ijll/Volume03Issue02-02</a>
- 7. Ismatova M. Sh. Socio-cultural competence in teaching English using proverbs and sayings about healthy lifestyles. Science and Practice: a New Level of Integration in the Modern World. 2019. <a href="https://scholar.google.com/citations?view\_op=view\_citation&hl=ru&user=0mLmjKEAAAAJ&citation\_for\_view=0mLmjKEAAAAJ:Se3iqnhoufwC">https://scholar.google.com/citations?view\_op=view\_citation&hl=ru&user=0mLmjKEAAAAJ&citation\_for\_view=0mLmjKEAAAAJ:Se3iqnhoufwC</a>
- 8. Dilnoza Buronova. Yovvoyi tabiatning tiklanishi: Ernest Seton-Tompsonning "Lobo" va "Yovvoyi yo 'rg 'a" asarlari tahlili. Conference Proceedings: Fostering Your Research Spirit. <a href="https://scholar.google.com/citations?view\_op=view\_citation&hl=ru&user=AyBfU0EAAAAJ&citation\_for\_view=AyBfU0EAAAAJ: Oo2XoVZTnwC">https://scholar.google.com/citations?view\_op=view\_citation&hl=ru&user=AyBfU0EAAAAJ&citation\_for\_view=AyBfU0EAAAAJ: Oo2XoVZTnwC</a>
- 9. Ablakulovich, E. A., & Zafarovna, N. N. (2023). Difficulties in teaching vocabulary to young language learners. In Proceedings of International Educators Conference (Vol. 2, No. 4, pp. 24-28).
- 10. Насруллаева, Н. 3. (2020). Фразеологические единицы религиозного происхождения. Іп Язык и культура (рр. 79-83).
- 11. Насруллаева, Н. 3. (2019). Национально-культурная специфика английских фразеологизмов с именами собственными. ББК 74.48 Р76, 208.