Doniyorbek Sobirov, Andizhan State University, Andizhan region, Republic of Uzbekistan ISSUES OF DEVELOPMENT OF INTERETHNIC RELATIONS IN UZBEKISTAN D. Sobirov

Abstract: This article is highlighted issues of development of interethnic relations in Uzbekistan by the helping scientific literatures and sources as well.

Keywords: Uzbekistan, interethnic relations, nationality, ethnic, national cultural centers, education, holiday.

Ensuring the active participation of people of different nationalities living in the Republic of Uzbekistan in the social, spiritual and educational life of the republic is one of the important activities of the National Cultural Centers. It is also planned to establish friendship, cooperation, cultural and educational ties and development of friendly relations with foreign organizations and historical homelands, to strengthen civil solidarity and interethnic harmony in our country in cooperation with the Republican International Cultural Center, relevant ministries, departments, state and public organizations and creative associations. Assistance is one of the main tasks of the center. The promotion of national spirituality is directly related to the issues of interethnic friendship and harmony. The Uzbek nation, which is the basis of the republic's population, demonstrates such qualities as morality, patience, attention and even concession to cooperate with all ethnic and national groups living in Uzbekistan in the socio-political and economic development of the country.

Life of national groups, their formation, development conditions were conducive to their development, even though they lived separately from their own nation Problems such as the impact are of great theoretical and practical interest. Article 4 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan states that "the Republic of Uzbekistan shall ensure respect for the languages, customs and traditions of all nations and peoples living on its territory, and create conditions for their development" [1.4]. In our country, representatives of all nationalities and ethnic groups speak their native language reading and speaking, preserving national cultural traditions and effective work is being done to protect the true constitutional right to development. Current historical experience, the establishment of national statehood in Uzbekistan. The early stages of finding practice and ethnic development modern requirements show that national culture establishment and operation of national centers real and effective in meeting the ethnic needs of groups shape. The fact that the national cultural centers have great potential for the restoration and preservation of the

national language, history, traditions and customs, strengthening ties with their nation, helping the national group to unite in the territory of the country where they live, direct their creative activity to cooperation for Uzbekistan.

The purpose of the activities of cultural centers in the country -Promoting the development of interethnic cultural ties, strengthening solidarity and friendship between different nationalities living in Uzbekistan, harmonization of interethnic relations [2. p.57]. On January 13, 1992, by Resolution No. 10 of the Cabinet of Ministers Republic under the Ministry of Culture of the Republic of Uzbekistan Center for International Culture Republican International Culture becoming the center, it meets the cultural needs of national groups assisting in the implementation of public policy on satisfaction began operating as an independent non-governmental organization. In 2003 further improvement of activities in the field of interethnic relations In the new edition of the Republican International Cultural Center The charter is approved, its goals and objectives, the main activity directions were determined.

Over the years, national cultural centers have become an influential social organization that addresses issues of a spiritual, cultural and social nature. They preserve the language, values, traditions of ethnic groups living in our country, as well as interethnic society its role in promoting peace is growing day by day. The national cultural centers interacted and supported each other. They hold more than a hundred events every year. Most of them "Motherland is one", "Our strength - in unity and solidarity", "Uzbekistan is our common home" are comprehensive friendship conferences. National Cultural Centers Independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan such as Constitution Day, Navruz, Eid, Remembrance and Respect Day celebrating important dates together. Such are the holidays Uzbekistan is a real peace, friendship, tolerance, solidarity It becomes even clearer that the country. Maslenitsa of Russians with the participation of representatives of many nationalities, Christmas, Easter, Sabantui of the Tatars, Vardavar of the Armenians. The so-called holiday of roses, Crimean Tatars Hederlez, Koreans New Year and "Tano" holidays on the lunar calendar and many more the holidays are celebrated. A great cultural innovation in the years of independence is the Republic National cultural associations by the International Cultural Center. A festival of folk art was organized in collaboration with Kazakh, Armenian, Jewish, Korean, Tatar and other cultural centers. Skilled and amateur artists. Theater and palaces of Uzbekistan demonstrates his skills on stage, in Independence Square. A public holiday on the occasion of Independence Day is taking part in the festivities. National cultural centers are cultural, linguistic and cultural centers of the population of Uzbekistan spirituality in order to help meet

other needs as well cooperating with other organizations. Social in this regard surveys, conferences, round tables, seminars, symposiums being held. These events are interethnic cooperation, spiritual and assistance in the development of practical recommendations on social activities gives. National cultural centers are political parties, scientific in cooperation with institutions, public funds and other organizations issues of regulation of national relations, migration processes, studying cultural ties, stability in the republic develops social programs to strengthen. For example, the Russian cultural center is somewhat different from the others. This is evidenced by the activity of the stand. Korean, Armenian, Jewish and others national language, traditions and customs in the charters of cultural centers. If the task of restoration is set, the Russian cultural center them strives to preserve and develop. So far, education in the native language reception, organization of the national theater and various information in Russian. The active operation of the systems is close to the ethnic homeland to varying degrees Important aspects of national life, such as networking are in Uzbekistan national policy of the republic, supported at the state level is a priority. Spiritual, cultural and linguistic needs of the Russian nation capacity of state and public organizations in terms of satisfaction harmonization is the basis of the center's activities. His activities further integration of the Russian diaspora and the necessary environment in this area taking into account other changes related to the creation given signed in March 1994, "Republic of Uzbekistan and Development of comprehensive cooperation between the Russian Federation and the Declaration on Deepening "scientific, technical, cultural and targeted programs for the development of humanitarian cooperation opened up a wide range of possibilities in implementation culture in this document. The importance of the center's activities was emphasized. In this sense, the center performs the functions of people's diplomacy, not only the Russians representatives of other nationalities interested in Russian culture. It is important to combine opening of the building of the Russian Cultural Center in October 2008 and on the same day in it "Foreign cultural centers of national culture role in the development of friendship and cooperation with others. The theoretical and practical conference is a clear proof of this. Founded in 1993 and resides in Uzbekistan from creating a database of all Belarusians who do The Svitanok Cultural Center of Belarus, which was founded in is doing the work. National cultural centers with the historical homeland of diasporas activities to strengthen inter-ethnic relations is an important area of support for national policies that ensure improvement. Publication of literature, publishing articles, newsreels and news videos issue, involvement of national periodicals helps to overcome obstacles [2]. National cultural centersRussia, Kazakhstan, Ukraine, Germany, Israel, South of Uzbekistan. An important role in the development of economic relations with Korea holds. It should be noted that by the leadership of independent Uzbekistan promoting the work of national cultural centers to make them national in every way in the shell of narrow ethnic needs provided separately for the diasporas saved from being wrapped up. However, when this happens, cultures would be onesided and imperfectly developed. National cultural centers make them different from each other common features of the character of peoples, coexistence, each other similar social guidelines and many other factors. Learning the state language for members of their diasporas in front of the centers, in active participation in the formation of national patriotic consciousness assistance, solidarity and equality of all peoples in Uzbekistan. The purpose of the promotion of the idea, representatives of different nationalities and ethnic groups and important common tasks such as the adaptation of their aspirations to the national idea stands. Republican International Cultural Center and National Cultural Concluding the issue of the activities of the centers, such centers are a community that they play an important role in the development of their lives, not just their peoples the role of spiritual values in the restoration, but also inter-ethnic its activities in strengthening harmony in relations are also special it should be noted. Their comprehensive activities are in our country peace, taking consistency in further strengthening stability is a shining example of the national policy being pursued.

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