- solution of the simplest inequalities;
- basic formulas of trigonometry.

Understanding is a way that has a positive effect on the development of students' logic and thinking. A technique based on the principle of "understanding" is considered the most effective and contributes to the strong assimilation of knowledge, both in the mathematics section of trigonometry and in other disciplines. In addition, in order for the student to understand the proposed material, he needs to pass this material "through himself", i.e. to study this material independently, thereby increasing the level of the student's own activity [5].

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PINTERPRETATION OF THE REPORTING GENRE IN INTERNET JOURNALISM

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Abstract: This article provides information about the appearance of the reporting genre in Internet journalism and the peculiarities of the reporting genre.

Keywords: reportage, genre, reporter, photo, report, journalism.

In journalism, genres are divided into two large groups, and in some sources into three groups. The most common of the mare: informational, analytical, artistic publicism. Each work has its own compositional structure. At the same time, each genre has its own requirements, goals and objectives. An essential side which a journalist should pay attention to is reality. There are various forms and methods of information transmission. The concept of genre has developed as a result of people's interest in

receiving information. When creating a work a journalist starts by gathering information. It can be in written or oral form. Russian researchers determine the place of the genre, it is compositional structure, the existence of typological, epistemological, morphological, axiological categories. In modern journalism, theory, there are classifications such as news journalism, citizen journalism, author's journalism, analytical journalism, commentary journalism, reporting journalism, new journalism, gonzo journalism and quality journalism.

Professor G. Korkonesenko writes: three vital components for an uninformed journalistic text: a) reporting a novelty or an existing problem, b) explaining, encouraging, thinking through analysis of a situation or condition, c) ways of emotionally influencing the audience.

Information to genres: message, news, report, interview. The task of these genres is to report on the events, happenings and processes taking place in society. The news has the following features: the information is presented in a coherent manner, the words are conveyed in a non-emotional way. In the report, the journalist provides information through his participation. The report can be prepared by an individual or a team.

Reporting (English report – to inform) –an information genre type of journalism. In this genre the journalist (reporter) immediately reports on the events he or she witnessed in which he or she is directly involved. The author usually narrates the events in his or her own language. All informational genres elements are added in the report. It uses a wide range of artistic images and historical evidence.

Depending on the type of media (press, broadcasting, television), there are some 'peculiarities of coverage of the material through of the report. Such reports are usually decorated with photos from the events. Photo reports are also common in the press. In a radio report, the events are described in figurative, vivid words and the chronological sequence is always maintained. The lexical meaning of the genre is different. Reporters are called reports. Today, a new term in journalism is the concept of mobile reporter, and in citizen journalism we can see that mobile reporting is given in different areas. Reporting is divided into events, daily and photo reporting. Reporting is one of the favorite genres of local journalists. The history of Russian journalism remembers the names of V.AFamous in the late 19th and 20th centuries Gilyarovskiy ("uncle gilyay", "king of news") wrote about his deplorable ruins in the Moscow Khitrov market, the horrific events in Khodinskiy Square, the lives of people working in industrial enterprises in Moscow. Many reporters have become well-known writers but their prestige has increased in the report in the first place. And this is largely due to the availability of this type ofmaterial.

According to Kozma Prutkov's rule "look at the root!" The root part of the word "photography" -reportage –in French means "reporting". As a method of photography and an independent genre of photography, photo journalism developed in the field of journalism in European countries in the first half of the last country.

One of the pioneers, a lawyer named Erich Suleiman spoke many languages. He shot prominent international politicians at a Leauge of Nations conference in the late 1920s. Since then newspaper and magazine photographers have choosen to photograph him without waiting. Photo reportage is not just a domain of professional photo journalists. If you have a light and usable digital camera, you have the experience of photography, and you are at the center of the event, you can take good photos and post them on the website. Sometimes the videos had a sensation. The consistent story of the event in several photographs is a photograph. It is characterized by honesty, objectivity, narrative, gives the viewer an idea of the essence, the events and its development in a particular historical period. The photographs themselves and a short signature tells them about the event.

Using the reporting method means conducting a survey without interfering with the natural source of the situation but means a soft, incomprehensible accompaniment. As a result, you only get a photo report, historical and documentary information about the event. You can also take a series of fun photos that have an independent artistic value.

Types Of Photo Shoot. In fact, there is no particular difference between the concepts of photo essay and photography history. They are combined with a method of reporting, the shooting. For example, any photo displayed in the media or at an exhibition in the West is called a "photo story". Can you name the photos from your trip to the countryside to your grandmother, or to a conference in London? If you don't show the shooting heroes in front of the camera, you may not force them to take a picture, but you can record their available moments. Subsequent photography is an alternative to staging in which the photographer directs the characters and places them in front of the camera, as a director. Is it acceptable to shoot successive elements in sequence?

It is common in Russian photography to distinguish between two types of repertoire – event and thematic (daily, narrative). Photo report of the event – news, social event, event, celebration, festival, visit of any celebrity, delegation, emergency, situations, etc. photos of this type.

The informative, documentary nature of the photo is especially important. When taking pictures, the photographer limits the time - in a short time he should be able to capture the main, brightest moments of the event, to find the point, plan, angle of the photo in a few seconds. Such a

survey requires automated skills, good reaction and intuition, the ability to anticipate events, the ability to anticipate the "key frame".

Thematic interview takes us into our daily lives. In everyday life, the photographers finds interesting islands, situations and talks about them in the language in photography. This is a photo about any person or people, their relationships, business, leisure, hobbies. It covers all spheres of human life - from maternity and rock concerts to the production of rocket engines and church life.

The story and photo reportis relatively common, in the online journalism in Uzbekistan. Kun.uz, Qalamir.uz, Daryo and other leading online publications regularly report on the genre of sports. Reports related to sports are published in every online publication. Almost all genres of journalism are given a journalistic spirit. Is journalism a genre or style?

Journalism (Latin public us - social) is a type of literary work devoted to the socio-political and other current issues of the time. Modern social life, the facts of the past and the future are the subject of journalism. Journalism is becoming more and more part of the works of science, art and literature. Not only articles and other major works that logically and figuratively generalize the facts of reality, but also all genres of the press are included in journalism. In terms of style it is controversial, propagandistic, criticalanalytical, humorous. Journalism is the study of the facts of life through indepth analysis and research, that is the discovery of reality through social journalistic research. In this regard, it approaches the social science can interpret and promote. The form and internal structure of journalism are a combination of logical thinking and imagery. In the genre of journalism, the image is used in a specific way. The publicist's personality, is expressed in terms of its rich inner world, point of view. In addition to the written and oral forms of journalism, there are also graphic-image (poster, caricature, etc),photo-cinematographic (documentary), theatrical-dramatic (agitbrigada, etc) forms.

Communicating with people during a reporter's career is an important condition. The basis of the prepared material is filled with information from the interlocutor . Even before the appearance of the first periodicals , man had different forms of communication. The genre of reporting was first formed by speakers in ancient times.

Speakers considered publigcists of their time tried to perfect this art. Over time the technique and technology of reportes evolved to meet the requirements of the genre. Journalists from United States and Baltic States have been using the reporter's convenient formula for many years have been working. The formula "A-audience-J-journalists-M-text-A-audience" proposed by the famous scientest Prokhorov, includes the constant study of public opinion, adaptation of journalistic text to it, the expression of opinion

through the media. In other words the functioning of the formula "A-J-M-A" is a confirmation of the work of the reporter, the democratization of the media.

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Gulbegim Kurbanazarova, Student of Bukhara State University Supervisor: F.A. Ahmedshina, Doctor of Historical Sciences, Professor THE IDEOLOGY OF THE RELIGIOUS SYSTEM OF THE ANCIENT HETT STATE M. Boltaev, G. Kurbanazarova, F. Ahmedshina

Abstract: This article discusses the impact of the religious system on social ideology and political processes in the ancient Hittite state, which has left its mark on human history.

Keywords: Hittite religion, Arinna, Hittite gods, Teshub, Puduhepa, Varna, pantheon, logogram.

The Hittite civilization was the result of centuries of coexistence of several ethnic groups and their union with each other through blood ties. Prior to the formation of the Hittite state, the Assyrians and the Armorites first had their colonies in Asia Minor, especially in Chatal-Huk, one of the ancient cities (6500-5500 BC). Later, much of Asia Minor fell to the Hittites. Over time, the Hittites first came under the influence of Babylon. Especially at a time when the sphere of influence was expanding, they assimilated important elements of the culture of the Indo-European population living in Mesopotamia and northern Syria. Finally, mil.avv. In the 15th and 13th centuries, the Hittites were strongly influenced by the Hurrians and the Libyans. All this led to the syncretic appearance of the Hittite religion.

it is often very difficult to group the religious ideas and rituals of a particular community into a coherent system. Often these rituals and beliefs have emerged over centuries, sometimes millennia, as a result of external